

Patent Claims

1. Method for re-routing data packets of a packet-switching network (PN) onto at least one alternate network (AN1, ..., ANn) that assures a quality requested for these data packets, whereby the packet-switching network and the at least one
5 alternate network form sub-networks of a communication network that is composed of at least one source node (U1, U2) and at least one destination node (Z) that are respectively connected to an access node (ZK1, ZK2) either directly or indirectly via at least one intermediate node, said access node being capable of setting up a connection both to the packet-switching network as well as to an alternate network,
10 and between which (U1, U2; Z) data packets can be transmitted, characterized in that the data packets to be routed via an alternate network are identified in their source node by a bit pattern known to the access node (ZK1) that is connected to the source node either directly or indirectly via at least one intermediate node (ZW1), said bit pattern being respectively recognized upon arrival of such data packets in the access
15 node, as a result whereof a re-routing of the data packets identified with the known bit pattern onto an alternate network is initiated.

2. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that a filter in such an access node checks the data packets arriving from a source node for a bit pattern known to the access node and, when a known bit pattern was recognized, initiates the
20 re-routing of the data packets identified with this bit pattern onto an alternate network.

3. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that the access node connected to such a source node either directly or indirectly via at least one intermediate node contains a table for determining the traffic paths into which the function of the filter is integrated, in that is additionally contains the bit patterns that
25 can produce a re-routing of a data packet identified with such a bit pattern onto an alternate network.

4. Method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that such a bit pattern is located in the header of a data packet to be routed via an alternate network.

5. Method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the same bit pattern is employed by all source nodes regardless of the respectively requested quality.

5 6. Method according to one of the claims 1 through 4, characterized in that the source nodes employ bit patterns corresponding to the respectively requested quality.

7. Method according to claim 6, characterized in that each recognized bit pattern of a data packet produces a re-routing thereof onto an alternate network corresponding to the bit pattern with a specific quality.

10 8. Method according to claim 6, characterized in that each recognized bit pattern of a data packet produces a re-routing thereof onto an alternate network with a quality corresponding to the bit pattern.

9. Method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that, after recognition of such a bit pattern of a data packet to be routed via an alternate
15 network in such an access node, the re-routing of the data packet onto an alternate network can be prevented when the alternate network cannot offer the quality corresponding to the bit pattern.

10. Method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the source node that intends to send data packets communicates a message via the
20 packet-switching network to its destination node with respect to the data packets to be routed via an alternate network and potentially wait for an acknowledge from the destination node.

11. Method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the access node connected to such a source node either directly or indirectly via at
25 least one intermediate node sends a message with respect to the assured quality requested by the source node to the network node of such an alternate network and potentially waits for an acknowledge thereof.

12. Method according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it is applied to a network constellation wherein such an alternate network is formed in

that at least one logical channel of the packet-switching network is reserved for the data packets to be transmitted with an assured quality.